

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME THIRTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1933

Whole No. 668

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 23)

SPECIALS THIS WEEK—

PEANUTS, 10 CENTS PER POUND.

EXTRA BIG SUNKIST ORANGES, 30c. PER DOZ.

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Ice Cream always on hand—Phone in your orders and have them delivered.

FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

Feathered Stowaway



A pigeon that found itself "in the soup" was taken care of by a butcher, but will never end up in a pie, made the front page a few days ago when the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Britain" arrived at Quebec from Southampton with a homing pigeon on the list as a stowaway. The pigeon, eyeing the camera with a quavering expression, is seen above in the hands of J. Gibson, Chief Butcher of the Empress liner in whose keeping all travelling pets are placed.

Battered by storms after fighting heavy head winds for a number of hours the pigeon, which had been released some 250 miles west of Land's End in fog from the steam trawler "Ocean Lass", fluttered to rest on the tennis deck of the Empress of Britain. It carried a message showing time and place of release, and date of its last feeding. On the return of the big liner to England next week the feathered stowaway, after its two way crossing of the Atlantic will be thrown into the air to find its way home, with a message from Capt. Latta tied to its leg, in authentication of the strange story it will have to tell.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

(Licensed and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)

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**375 Country Elevators
100 Flour Warehouses
275 Coal Sheds**

Terminal Elevators at Vancouver • Capacity 6,000,000 bushels

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No. 2

ANDERSON'S BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day—4 Loaves for 25c; 18 for \$1.

ALL KINDS OF PASTRY AND PIES.

See Our SATURDAY SPECIALS in the Window.

PA'JL ANDERSON, - Proprietor.

The S.P. H.S. Hikers.

The girls from the local high school went out for a long tramp Thursday afternoon, headed for Dufield; going by the C.N.R. tie-path. They covered part of the planned journey before stopping for lunch at a shady nook two miles west of town. Previous to leaving town a group picture was taken, bunched on the postoffice steps. The party was in charge of Miss Eversham and Miss Woods. A corporal's guard of H.S. boys acted as escort.

Conviction Quashed.

The conviction of Wm. Robb, of Cherhill on a charge of illegally impounding a number of horses, was quashed in the District Court, Edmonton, by order of Judge Crawford last week. Robb had been convicted when the case was heard recently at Sangudo, before Magistrate J. nea. Robb's counsel when the case was appealed was Geo. J. Bryan.

Heatherdown's Sports Day.

Posters are out for a Sports day up at Heatherdown on Friday, the 7th. A good program of sporting contests is said to have been arranged, including, among other items, basketball and baseball. A team of junior ball tossers from Stony have arranged to go up, and are now having daily practices for the event. A local team of girl hoopartists will also attend and compete.

Obituary

Mr Wm Steffler, an oldtime settler of Heatherdown district, passed away at his home on Wednesday, June 28th, at the age of 63 years. He was one of the district's enterprising farmers. His wife survives him.

The funeral took place on the afternoon of Friday, June 30th. Services were conducted by Rev Birdsell, pastor of the United church, Onoway.

Mr John Armbruster had charge of the funeral arrangements.

This Week's Conference.

A United Conference is being held here in Stony Plain this week of the U.F.W.A. Locals of East and West Edmonton districts, called by the Convenor, Mrs Bentley of Horse Hills. This Conference is sponsored by the U.F.W.A. Local at Hansen's Corners and the Local at Holborn.

It is expected that Mrs Price, president of the Provincial U.F.W.A., will preside. The address of welcome will be given by Mrs F F Williams, president of the Farm Women's Local at Holborn.

The advance sale of tickets for Edmonton Exhibition is now on—5 for \$1. Get yours at The Royal Cafe.

Get It at HARDWICK'S

THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS:

LADIES' HATS, 79c, \$1.79, \$2.35.

ALLWOOL BATHING SUITS, for Ladies and Girls, \$1 up.

COTTON BATHING SUITS, for Ladies and Girls, 45c.

Ladies' and Misses' Black and White SPORT OXFORDS, \$2.25.

LADIES' SILK SLIPS, \$1.00.

VEST and BLOOMER SETS, Special, \$1.25.

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS, cool, comfortable fitting and serviceable, at \$1.00.

MEN'S CAPS at 75c and \$1.

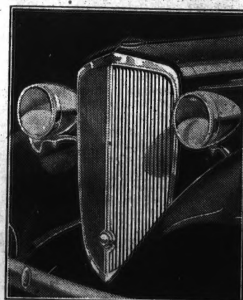
BOYS' CAPS, 49c., 59c., 75c.

GROCERY SPECIALS, as usual—Lots of 'em.

HARDWICK'S

Agents Alberta Dairy Pool Cream.

A GOOD ROAD and A New 1933 Chevrolet FOR REAL PLEASURE.



WHEREVER YOU SEE AN AUTOMOBILE,
THERE YOU SEE A NEW CHEVROLET.

SOMMERFIELD & MAYER,

Agents for CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE CARS.

Agents for BRITISH AMERICA OIL CO.

The Only Correct Lubrication—We have the only 9000-lb. Pressure Gun west of Edmonton. Let us grease your car.

SERVICE GARAGE, Stony Plain.

Quality That Is Unsurpassed

"COLUMBIA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Canada And Its Foreign Born

Because of the many uninformed and therefore inaccurate statements frequently heard to the effect that the population of the three prairie provinces of Canada are largely of foreign birth, a recent census bulletin issued from Ottawa, and based on the last census (1931), is of interest and value.

It is revealed that out of a total population of 2,353,529 in the three provinces, 1,808,574 are of British birth, and 544,955 of foreign birth, and of those born under the British flag no less than 1,492,657 were born in Canada.

But, it is frequently argued, these figures do not give a true picture of the racial division of our Western population inasmuch as many of those born in Canada were born of parents who themselves were foreign born and their children, although born in Canada, are, to all intents and purposes, the same as if born in foreign lands. While in many cases, probably most cases, this assumption is not a sound one, the census bulletin recently issued is of particular value in that it classifies the parentage of the entire population.

It is shown that the population of the three Western provinces having both parents born in Canada numbers 550,456; having both parents British born outside of Canada 517,403; having one parent Canadian born and the other British born 145,176. That is, 1,213,035 or more than one-half of the total population are at least second generation Canadian or British born. To these may be added another 191,509 where one parent is either Canadian born or British born, while the other is foreign born.

Contrasted with this is the population born of parents both of whom were foreign born. Their number for the three provinces is 945,725. Subtracting, therefore, the total foreign born of 544,955 from this figure, we find that the number born under the British flag, and mainly in Canada, of foreign born parents is only 400,770. These are first generation Canadians.

The figures are not only interesting but reassuring to those who are anxious that Canadian and British blood, customs and ideals shall predominate in this land. Another reassuring and gratifying fact is indicated by the figures that 191,509 of the population in these three provinces are the offspring of marriages contracted between Canadian born or British born men and women on the one hand with foreign born on the other hand. This inter-marriage between the races is bringing about the development of a distinctly Western type of Canadian, and one that gives promise of being a very fine type, physically strong, mentally alert, uniting in themselves the Anglo-Saxon love of liberty, respect for law and authority, capable in government, with the love of music, poetry, art, and handicrafts which characterizes the peoples of continental Europe.

Coinciding with the publication of this recent census bulletin, Hon. C. H. Cahoon, Secretary of State at Ottawa, issued a warning to judges within whose jurisdiction falls the duty of naturalization of aliens to exercise care in the performance of such duties. He drew attention to the danger of certain malcontents applying for naturalization solely in order to protect themselves from the danger of deportation, or, in other words, seeking Canadian citizenship not out of love for Canada, or to advance Canadian interests, but in order to secure for themselves greater freedom in undermining Canadian laws and institutions.

And a Saskatchewan judge, commenting on the same subject, is reported in the daily press as urging the Federal Government to see to it that applicants for naturalization are supplied with literature which will enable them to learn something about Canada. Some assistance, he said, should be given to those who wish to become Canadian citizens.

Canada has probably been somewhat careless in the freedom with which citizenship has been conferred upon alien residents in the past, and negligent of its duty to these people. All too frequently naturalization has been obtained solely in order that the patent to homestead lands could be secured. Other thousands have taken out citizenship papers in order that they may vote, but possibly without any very intelligent idea of what the duties of true Canadian citizenship really involve.

Five years residence in Canada will not in itself make a Canadian citizen. Ability to read and to write does not in itself constitute intelligent citizenship. The mere possession of naturalization papers, while it does make a man or woman a citizen in the eyes of the law, does not necessarily make such person a citizen of Canada in the true meaning of the word "citizen." It should be a matter of national policy to inculcate right ideas and high ideals in the minds of all newly created citizens. To that end it would seem that something more is required than so many years residence and the taking of the oath of allegiance on the one hand, and the handing over of a piece of official paper by the Government on the other hand. There should be some formal ceremony at which the vital significance of becoming a citizen of Canada would be emphasized.

We believe these new citizens would themselves welcome some such procedure. The vast majority of them have acquired a real love for Canada. They adopted it as home, and desire to make it that not only for themselves but for their descendants. They are anxious to serve Canada, to make it better and grander. They would like advice, inspiration and guidance. The State should provide it.

The Niagara Gorge, which is sometimes called the "geological clock," is about 25,000 years old.

National Industries in Bolivia are speeding up production.

Buses with observation sections over the rear wheels have just appeared in London.

Finland will push its large public works program this year.

Any Looseness of the Bowels Is Always Dangerous



When the bowels become loose and diarrhoea, dysentery, summer complaint and other bowel troubles set in, immediate attention should be given and the discharges checked before they become serious.

To check these unnatural discharges there is a remedy in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, a remedy that has been on the market for the past 88 years. It is rapid, reliable and effective in its action. A few doses is generally all that is required to give relief.

Get it at your drug or general store; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Japan's Pearl Crop

Planting Of 40,000 Acres Of Waters Largest In Years

The pearl plantings in Japan this year, in contrast to most crops, will be the largest in years. More than 40,000 acres of quiet waters have been sown with more than 3,000,000 pearl oysters, and thousands of people are employed. The pearl crop being planted now will not be harvested for seven years.

Millions of seed pearls or tiny bits of mother of pearl, are skillfully inserted into living oysters for the pearl crop. The oysters slowly proceed to cover these irritants with a secretion which transforms them into pearls. The oysters are placed in steel cages and suspended a few feet above the floor of the sea from great rafts. Twice a year they are brought to the surface, cleaned and treated, to prevent disease. Some 60 per cent. of the oysters bear fruit, but only about five per cent. are marketable.

The annual crop is valued at several million dollars.

STAIRS MADE HER GASP FOR BREATH

Penalty Of Excess Fat

Although she has lost but 7 lbs. of her overweight, this woman finds that 7 lbs. has made a remarkable difference to her. There can certainly be nothing wrong with a reducing treatment that brings such increased energy and vigor.

Her letter reads:—"I am 53 years old and my height is 5 ft. Last year I weighed 154 lbs. For six months I have been taking a half-teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts, making no change in my diet. Now I am less round in the hips, and only weigh 147 lbs. dressed. But I feel lighter and can now run upstairs, which I used to make me gasp for breath. Everyone says how well and fit I look, as I am in a store and get no walking exercise at all. The results may not be startling, but the fact remains that I feel much better than of late years—not so heavy—and I now enjoy dancing."

(Miss) J. H. Kruschen is based on scientific principle—it's an ideal blend of 8 separate minerals which help glands, nerves, blood and body organs to function properly and maintain a splendid degree of health—it builds up energy and strength all the while you're training yourself down to a point of normal weight.

May Be Hereditary

Doctor Finds Some Eskimos Are Getting Back Extra Ribs

The male of the species, among the Eskimos at least, seems at last to be getting back that extra rib that Adam is said to have lost when Eve was created. Dr. T. D. Stewart, the Smithsonian Institution announced, has found that the "12th rib" is coming back among some Eskimos. They have 25 ribs instead of the customary 24. Return of the 25th rib apparently indicates that evolution is still at work in the human race, the Institution said. The 25th rib is giving more chest and abdominal space to individuals in which it appears. The extra rib may be hereditary. Some indication of this is seen in the fact that practically all of the 25th ribs are found among males and most of them grow among Eskimos living north of the Yukon River. Dr. Stewart has found the extra ribs in about 12 per cent of 200 Eskimo skeletons from Alaska that he has examined.

Used To Thunderstorms

So Common In Java People Do Not Notice Them

In Java thunderstorms are so common no one takes any notice of them. Many hundreds of thunderstorms, often severe ones, are experienced in the rainy season. For several months the sound of more or less distant thunder scarcely ever ceases, and it is only when there is a terrific crash right overhead that folks are conscious of the sound. In fact, the people of Java are so used to hearing thunder for a good part of the year that only when the storms cease do they realize that they have been living in a perpetual uproar.

Profits of the Australian National Bank last year were greater than in 1931.

The bay of Pundy covers an area of approximately 8,000 square miles.

SAVE 1/3

Plug Tobacco will last you 1/3 longer. It burns 1/3 slower... gives you more smokes, more enjoyment for the same money.

DIXIE

ONLY 20¢ A BIG PLUG

Declares War On Slums

Great Britain Starts Five-Year Drive Against Methods Of Disease

Great Britain has declared a five-year war to the finish on her slums. Tumbledown alley dwellings, basement caves and insanitary "back-to-backs"—hotbeds of tuberculosis, rickets, anemia and other diseases—are slated to be wiped out.

The government's move against the plague spots as motivated by the prevailing low building costs and low rates of interest on money, together with a desire to ease the pinch of unemployment.

To insure immediate action the minister of health has called upon all housing authorities in England and Wales to submit by Sept. 30 a series of programs drawn on the basis of clearing all such areas by 1938.

Each program is to include a list of the areas in each locality, the number of houses to be demolished, the number of inhabitants affected, a list of areas where improvement by reconditioning is necessary and time tables for complete clearance, improvement and rehousing of the displaced dwellers.

"The time limit is the very essence of this program," says Sir Edward Hinton Young, Minister of Health. "The time limit must, of course, give reasonable time for the work, but it must be fixed, and fixed absolutely."

No one knows the complete extent of the slum problem in the land, though the estimate generally given is that 1,000,000 dwellings must go to make the programs for every area.

An up-to-date picture, however, will be available by Sept. 30, the deadline for the program from every area.

The great mass of the slum dwellings is more than a century old, harking back to the era of quick industrialization of the country when houses sprang up like mushrooms around the factories.

But the problem is not limited to the cities, unhealthy conditions flourish in many villages and these, too, are on the books for destruction.

Among cities, the slum evil is general and is regarded as being at its worst in the industrial and mining areas. Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Leeds, Bristol, Hull, Sheffield and scores of other cities have sordid, insanitary sections.

London, because of the great population crammed into a relatively small area, presents a problem of its own and it is believed that the five-year grace period may have to be lengthened for abolition of the sore spots.

In the wake of the government's determination on action, a lively campaign is being pursued by the press to keep the spirit for wholesale and immediate reform at high pitch. The Archbishops of Canterbury and York have penned vigorous appeals, and the Prince of Wales who knows great areas of the slums by periodic visits, has voiced the support of the royal family.

He (at 11 p.m.)—"Did you know could imitate any bird you can name?"

She—"No, I didn't. Can you imitate a homing pigeon?"

The heavy influx of tourists is boosting business in Italy.

Combating Disease

Death Rate From Diphtheria Is Lowered in Manitoba

Ten years ago the diphtheria death rate in Manitoba was 21.5 per 100,000, which meant that 150 children lost their lives in this province every year from this preventable disease. In 1923 immunization was started in Winnipeg, with the result that by 1929 the death rate for the whole province had been brought down to 10.3. In that year immunization was extended to parts of rural Manitoba, resulting in a further reduction of death rate to 5.2. In rural Manitoba since 1930 there have been 63 deaths in unimmunized territory and only 19 deaths in the much larger population of the immunized territory. There have been no deaths among immunized persons.—Winnipeg Tribune.

Wages Being Increased

New Westminster Lumber Mill Also Employing More Men

An increase of 10 per cent. in wages, affecting 750 men, has gone into effect at the Fraser Mills plant of the Western Lumber Co., Ltd., New Westminster, B.C.

The increase follows a better demand for lumber and an increase in price. The Fraser Mills plant is turning out a quarter of a million feet of lumber daily and the shingle mill is working double shift. Employment at the plant has increased from about 450 men to 750 since last winter.

While the bulk of lumber shipments are still going by ship cargo, the demand for rail shipments is increasing.

A Comfortable Margin

Population Of New York Nearly Million Behind London

The population of New York City according to a census by the New York Merchants' Association is now 7,215,000. This still leaves London the world's greatest city by a comfortable margin, its 1932 census showing a population of 8,202,518. Next to New York comes Berlin, with over 4,000,000, then Chicago with 3,576,000. There are eight cities in the world with a population of more than 2,000,000, and thirty-one with more than 1,000,000.

The Queen of Norway recently purchased three English hunting horses.

PRESTO PACK

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Always ready—Inexpensive

Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS

MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO

W. N. U. 2001

Scientists Assert That Extremes Of High Temperatures Will Mark The Summer Of 1933

If vagaries of summer weather to date have not been sufficient to bring conviction that extremes of high temperature will mark the season, it may be added that science—to the extent that it ventures opinions upon such subjects—agrees with the popular view that this summer is to be extraordinarily hot.

The reason given by the supposed experts, if accepted without too much critical examination, is fairly simple. We may expect a good number of hot spells, they declare, because less cold air is going to move in this direction than has arrived in other recent seasons. The full explanation is a trifle more involved.

Heat in any region is produced by three causes: the direct effect of sunlight; drift of hot air from place to place, and by the way air masses are warmed through the increase of pressure when descending from higher atmospheric levels. This third variety of heat is the same as that produced when air is compressed inside an automobile tire. The first extreme heat wave here this year, the meteorologists report, was caused by movement of air northward after it had become over-heated through such a process of descent and compression in the area about the Gulf of Mexico.

If we are to guess about future weather, though, we must return to consideration of the sun, for it, after all, not only generates heat but is also the chief force in compressing air and moving it, whether cold or in a heated state. An interesting factor this year is that the sun is expected to generate an increased amount of heat, because the number of sunspots is on the increase and, contradictory though it may seem, the more blazes there are on the sun the more heat it emits.

But this heat, to continue with the meteorologists' tale of contradictions, ordinarily brings cool weather in this area, for the warmth becomes transformed into solar energy, stirs the atmosphere and brings large gusts of cold northern air in this direction. There is, however, the settlement of time lag connected with this solar energy, since it works largely through heat storage in the ocean. Immediate weather conditions show a tendency to correspond with solar conditions of six or eight years ago. In the solar period which will control our weather this year, according to the scientists, sun energy was on the decrease and, as a result, we are now in a time of decreasing atmospheric circulation. That means, if they are right, what was said in the first place; less cold air is coming this way.

All of which, it is to be feared, leaves guessing about the weather almost as dangerous a game as in the past, even though the scientists, like the earlier weather prophets, who spoke in simpler terms, seem confident that the secrets of nature are growing less and less secret to them. But if it is a hot summer, don't forget we told you so. Or the scientists did.—Toronto Evening Telegram.

Saskatchewan Butter

Creamery Butter Output During May Shows Increase

Creamery butter output in Saskatchewan during May shows an increase of 54,752 pounds over April according to figures released by the dairy branch of the department of agriculture for Saskatchewan. This is an increase of 2.9 per cent. As an indication of the return of the southern section of the province to its former position, May figures showed an increase over the production figures for the same month last year.

For the first five months of the year the creameries have reported a total butter make of 6,101,728 pounds, which is practically the same as the figures for the same period of 1932.

The upturn was inevitable. When people get their backs to the wall they begin to face things.

The latest definition of a go-getter is a fellow who runs out of gas three miles from a service station.

W. N. U. 2001

Radio Station Moved By Plane

All Northland Is Now Linked With Outside World

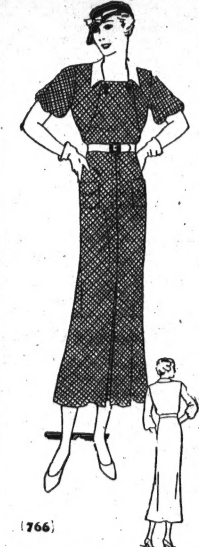
An entire radio station and all its delicate equipment has been moved by air from Lindsley Bay to Cameron Bay by Royal Canadian Corps of Signals with the co-operation of the Canadian Airways.

The station, equipped with both short and long-wave apparatus, is functioning satisfactorily, it is stated. It is the first time on record such a feat has been accomplished.

Captain Stuart Hastings, commanding officer Royal Canadian Corps of Signals, announced every strategic commercial centre in the northland is now in touch with the outside world. Two standard radio stations, erected by the Dominion government at Fort Rae and Fort Chippewyan, have commenced operations.



By Ruth Rogers



766

SIMPLE, SMART, TREMENDOUSLY WEARABLE

So slenderizing too. So many materials are suitable for this model. It only rests with your own particular needs.

For instance, if you want it for town or office, then a novelty checked soft crepe silk in the favoured blue and white is a very smart medium.

For a little later for warm summer days, printed sheer linen in red and white with white organdie trim is dainty and cool.

Another lovely suggestion is a woolly type rough cotton that is playing a big part in fashion for summer. A diagonal striped effect could be worked out very attractively.

Pattern also provides for long sleeves.

Style No. 766 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 35-inch with 3/4 yard 35-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size:

Name

Town

.....

Publisher Picked Good Men

Cyrus H. K. Curtis Gave Employees Credit For His Success

Cyrus H. K. Curtis, Philadelphia publisher, who when he died was the publisher of prosperous newspapers and even more prosperous magazines having nation-wide sales running into the millions, ascribed his success to the men who worked for him. He once said:

"The main point, with me always has been in getting somebody to do a job better than I could do it myself. I knew what I wanted, but I could not always accomplish it. The success of our organization has been due entirely to the people I have found."

The late Edward K. Bok, editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, was probably as well known, if not more so, than his employer. It was he and not Cyrus H. K. Curtis who made that magazine. The personality of the men at the head of the editorial staffs is imprinted on the pages of the Curtis publications.

Unquestionably Mr. Curtis was a man of wonderful business instincts. He started in the newspaper line with a capital of three cents when he purchased the last three papers from a newsboy and sold them at the full price. With his six or nine cents he bought a few more papers next day an pyramided his earnings day by day until at length he decided he would make newspapers and magazines his life work. Probably he was more a business man than a journalist. If his first business deal had been bananas he might have become a great fruit merchant.

The salient fact in his career, however, as he said himself, is that he picked men who could do certain jobs better than himself.

That is how lots of successful men succeed. Sometimes they recognize that fact in a material way—and sometimes they don't.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Left-Handed Children

Should Not Be Forced To Use Right Hand

Kettering education committee has forbidden its teachers to stop left-handed children from using the left hand for writing and other manual work. This has been done in consequence of a report by Dr. C. B. Hogg, the medical officer, whose attention has been directed to certain cases of stammering. The inquiries revealed that a number of these cases were left-handed children who had been converted to writing with their right hands.

Dr. Hogg cited facts showing that 41 left-handed children who were compelled to use the right hand 24 became stammerers. In a further case 12 right-handed children were trained to use the left hand, and within five months all developed stammer.

London Conference Delegates Meet On Common Ground At World Garden Party

Women Stand Adversity Well

In Many Cases Depression Has Been Of Benefit To Them

Although depression has driven a great many men to insanity and nervous disorders, its effect on women has been largely beneficial, according to Dr. Karl M. Bowman, assistant professor of psychiatry at Harvard medical school.

"The effect, as far as nervous disorders are concerned," Dr. Bowman said, "has been much like the effect on many women during the war. They were used to sitting around idle and worrying about themselves, but once the war got under way they occupied themselves with Red Cross work and other activities and forgot their imaginary troubles."

"The depression has given these women something to do, and its effects have been a blessing to the idle rich type, who had too much money for their own good and nothing to occupy themselves."

"Men, on the other hand, have probably increased nervous disorders. Many have broken under the strain, but strange to say, the wives of men hit by adversity are, on the whole, not nearly so badly affected."

"A study of hospitals throughout the state revealed no increase in the number of women psychiatric cases since the depression, the greater number, in almost every hospital, being men."

Theory Often Falls Down

Burglar Given Keys On Leaving Prison Was Soon Back

Modern penological theory believes that criminals in prison should be taught some useful occupation, and on their release be given back any tools they possessed, but here's a case where the theory fell down:

Frank Mazurek was given back a bunch of various-sized keys when released from prison after being convicted of robbing apartment letter boxes. Now he is back for two years on the same charge after using the same keys.

"Where,"

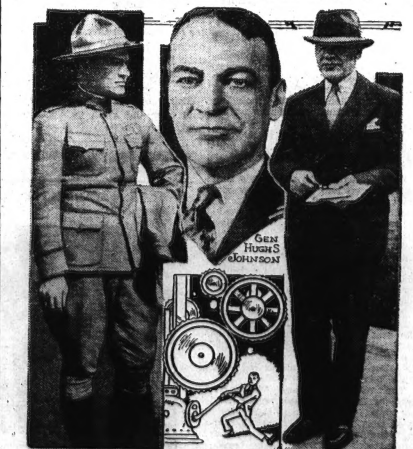
"When I got out the officers gave them back to me," he replied.

What Puzzled Him

She watched him gazing down at their first-born wonder, admiration, rapture, incredulity, chased across his face. She stole up and said, tenderly: "Tell me your thoughts, dearest."

"How can they make that cot for fifteen shillings?"

CZAR OF RECOVERY PROGRAM WELL EQUIPPED



AS A SOLDIER

AS HE IS TO-DAY

Here are three views of the man whose job it is to put the United States workers back on the job. He is General Hugh S. Johnson, of Chicago, soldier, lawyer, and industrialist, to whom President Roosevelt has entrusted the gigantic task of directing government efforts under the Industrial Recovery Bill. This includes supervision over the \$3,812,000,000 public works program.

All the world represented at a garden party! Setting: The spacious grounds of historic Windsor Castle. Hosts: His Britannic Majesty King George, his gracious Queen and members of the Royal family. "Among those present": Delegates from sixty-six countries, in attendance at the Economic Conference. More than 2,000 guests; many men of many minds, in formal attire; their ladies radiant in the bright raiment of summer. A babel of tongues.

Never before has there been a social function of this unique nature. Never before was it possible. During recent weeks leading statesmen of the civilized world have been converging on old London, "the heart of all creation, where the veins of commerce meet." They gathered on serious business; to seek relief for a sorely afflicted world. They were greeted and welcomed by His Majesty the King; and after finding their bearings and getting down to work, His Majesty the King invited them to a week-end garden party.

That is the way they do things in hospitable England. Business is business; but there must be the week-end relaxation. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." But more things are accomplished during these week-ends, at these gatherings and garden parties, than are dreamed of in the philosophy of people who do not know England and the English. And at this garden party in Windsor Castle grounds leads and contacts may have been established that will mean much later on in the conference deliberations.

Consider the nature of this assemblage of people. Each hemisphere was well represented. There were "men of the Northern zone," and dark-skinned guests from the Orient. East and West. Also men from the Republics of North and South America; from Africa; from the Dominions of the British Empire. Guests from the older lands, and from "regions Caesar never knew." On the grounds were men and women with the easy poise developed through many centuries of Old World civilization, and guests from the newer countries who may have felt ill at ease in the splendid surroundings of an ancient castle at the heart of English culture. But none of them ever before had attended a world garden party. In that they were on equal footing.

His Majesty the King provided for this truly cosmopolitan gathering an opportunity to get acquainted. Of course, there would be no politics at the world garden party, but it seems probable that, if, in such delightful environment, delegates from the far places of the earth were brought together in a friendly social way, they would get along better when they returned to work in the great hall of Kensington Museum, where the business of the conference is carried on. The personal touch is mighty in its influence. After all, in the broader sense, human beings throughout the world are much alike; and they all were represented at the King's garden party.

It will be recalled that on the opening day of the conference a threatening pall hung over proceedings, but that this was dispersed by better understanding among the delegates. There were no dark, rain-filled clouds over Windsor Castle grounds as the guests began to assemble; but the kindly sun decided that this party must be a success, and the afternoon was spent under delightful weather conditions. These may be regarded as hopeful auguries. And taken all together, there is closer association between a World Conference and a world garden party than most observers may imagine.—Toronto Globe

Stainless Steel Train

Contracts have been completed for the construction of a stainless steel train for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, capable of traveling 120 miles an hour. The train will comprise three cars built as an articulated unit, powered by a Diesel electric motor, and will be ready for experimental service in actual public use this fall.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Hopewell home of Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh, from which their first born son was kidnapped in March, 1932, will become a children's welfare centre.

Less lumbering citizens of Westmount, Quebec, be disturbed some night, the aldermen, meeting in council, decided to spend \$70 to provide mufflers for their fire engines.

Recently completed at a cost of more than \$1,000,000, arts and science building of University of Manitoba may be abandoned as a temporary economy measure, it is stated.

Foreign missionaries, including a number of Americans, in northeast Szechwan province, western China, have been forced to evacuate their stations as the result of incursions of Chinese Communists and Shenshi.

Miss Jean Barnes, a cowgirl of Butte, Mont., took 68 days to ride a horse 1,700 miles to the world's fair. She has arranged to trade the horse for an aeroplane ride home. It will take about 12½ hours.

In a statement urging recognition of Russia, Senator Norris (R., Neb.) said he was reliably informed the Soviet wanted to buy from America \$10,000,000 of meat products, 1,000,000 bales of cotton and \$400,000,000 worth of machinery.

Great Britain has agreed to take 50,000 hogs a week from Canada for the next five years providing we can produce the right kind of hogs, Hon. D. G. McKenzie told delegates to the annual convention in Brandon of the Western Manitoba Board of Trade.

Dr. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the Liberal Party in the House of Commons, will visit Alberta during August, according to an announcement at Calgary by N. S. Lambert, Ottawa, secretary of the Liberal National Association.

President Eamon de Valera told thousands of his countrymen the Irish Free State would not wait for agreements from the world economic conference, but would proceed with its own plans for economic improvement.

Making the trip in the shortest time on record, Constable Norris Yates, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, "mashed" the 425 miles between Chesterfield Inlet and Churchill in seven days on one of his trips "out" for mail.

Incurable Patients

Old Question Of Euthanasia Discussed By American Physicians

Delegates attending the American Institute of Homopaths heard two doctors debate the question:

"Should physicians be given the legal right to dispose of incurable patients?"

Speaking in favor of euthanasia or medicolegal death, Dr. W. A. Guild of Chicago cited the case of a child monstrously saved from death at birth after six weeks of care.

He suggested a special court of humanitarians to hear and grant pleas of persons who wish to die. This idea was opposed by Dr. Alonzo C. Tenney, also of Chicago, who said legalized euthanasia would be abused.

Many Musicians Took Part

Largest Military Band Played At Aldershot Tattoo

The largest military band in the world took part in the tattoo held recently at Aldershot. It was part of the great army pageant played by 5,000 soldier actors in the Rushmore Valley before an audience of 56,000 children who came to Aldershot from London and all parts of the home counties. An army officer who knew all the behind-the-scenes secrets of the tattoo remarked: "There is nothing to touch that living carpet of massed bands. There are 41 bands, 17 bandmasters, 14 drum-majors, including the tallest in the British army, who stands six feet two inches in his bonnet—altogether 849 musicians."

During the recent strike of seamen in New Zealand inter-island mail was delivered by aeroplane.

W. N. H. 2091

Pioneer Steamship Company

Cunard Line Celebrates 93rd Anniversary Of Its Inception

This year the Cunard Line will celebrate its 93rd anniversary by sending the "Aquitania" to Halifax, Nova Scotia, the first port touched by a Cunard ship in America in the first year of its trans-Atlantic life. In 1840, the occasion will feature a week-end cruise to the Nova Scotian port.

The Cunard Line's birthday, like that of the United States, falls on the Fourth of July, the first ship of the line, the "Britannia," leaving Liverpool, England, on that date in 1840, and calling at Halifax and Boston 24 years ago.

The Cunard Line is the oldest trans-Atlantic steamship company—in fact, the first to operate across the Atlantic on a regular schedule. Previous to the regular sailings of the "Britannia," other steamships had crossed the ocean, but their voyages were entirely in the line of expeditions. The Cunard Line started to run on a weekly schedule in 1840.

The first ship to cross the ocean was the "Britannia," built in New York City. She sailed from the Georgia city for which she was named, on May 25th, 1819, arriving in Liverpool on June 29th, 35 days later. She did not rely solely upon her paddle-wheels; in fact, she trusted more to her sails, being under steam for less than 100 hours.

Twelve years later, the first "Royal William" made the entire trans-Atlantic voyage under steam. No further steam venture was until April 1826, when the "Sirius" left London, England, for New York with 94 passengers. She was followed from Bristol four days later by the "Great Western," the first steam vessel specially built for the Atlantic passage. The "Great Western" made the trip in 15 days, two days less than the "Sirius," and arrived with 200 tons of coal left in her hold. The result was regarded as wonderful.

Samuel Cunard was a close observer of all mail sailing, being at the time in Halifax, he had acquired several sailing vessels, in the circuit made between Newfoundland, Boston and Bermuda.

During the year 1838 the British Government had sent out circulars inviting bids for a faster and more reliable means of transit for postal material by steam vessels. One of these circulars found its way into the hands of Mr. Cunard (later Sir Samuel) and he concluded that here was his chance.

Unable to raise necessary capital in Halifax, Mr. Cunard sailed for England, and, five years later, he received but little sympathy in London, but as he had a letter of introduction to Robert Napier, a shipbuilder on the Clyde, he went on to Glasgow. Mr. Napier welcomed Mr. Cunard and introduced him to the two ablest shipping men in Great Britain—George Burns of Glasgow, Scotland, and David MacIver, of Liverpool, England. Between these three men £270,000 capital was subscribed and Mr. Cunard was in a position to submit a tender for the conveyance of mails once every two weeks between Liverpool, Halifax, and Boston.

This tender was lower than that made by the owners of the "Great Western." Mr. Cunard's principal plan was accepted and a contract for seven years was let to the North American Steam Packet Company, the original name of the Cunard Line.

To carry on this trade, plans for four steamers, the "Britannia," "Columbia," and "Caledonia," were drawn up and accepted during 1839. The ships were launched early the next year, 1840.

The "Britannia," with 64 passengers, started on her maiden voyage from Liverpool to Boston on July 4th, 1840, and arrived in Boston 14 days and 8 hours later, including a stop at Halifax, considered at the time a rapid passage.

The mail service grew to such an extent that the "Hibernia" was added in 1843, and the "Cambria" in 1845.

In 1847, when the company's first mail contract had expired a new contract was entered into with the Cunard Line and provided for weekly sailings from Liverpool to New York and Boston.

More ships followed, all being built of wood, but with no radical departure from the "Britannia" until the year 1852, when the iron screw steamer "Australia" and three sister ships were built.

The company's first steel liner was the "Servia," built in 1851. She was the first Cunard to be fitted with electricity. She was superbly fitted for those days and provided accommodation for 480 cabin and 750 third class passengers.

The "Campania" and "Lucania," built in 1892, were among the first big ships, registering 13,000 tons. Both were fast, the "Lucania" making the westward crossing from Queenstown in five days, seven hours, and twenty-three minutes. It was on this ship that the recent experiment with and first introduced wireless telegraphy.

New quadruple propellers speed the Cunard Line's big three—the "Berengaria," "Aquitania," and "Mauretania,"—through the seas. Thus the history of the Cunard

ASSASSIN'S TARGET



Mme. Venizelos, wife of the ex-Premier of Greece, smiles bravely for the camera from the hospital bed in Athens, where she is recovering from four bullet wounds received when an assassin attempted the life of her husband. The ex-Premier escaped unhurt.

Line has a great extent been the history of shipping, beginning with wooden side-wheelers, followed by the iron ship, the single screw, the steel ship, then twin, triple and quadruple screws, and all built and propelled in the interest of the speedy transportation of mails between Great Britain and the world.

Samuel Cunard was knighted in 1859 because of his outstanding services in the circuit made between London, England, in 1864, in his 78th year.

Thief Had Expensive Tastes

Took Only Valuable Articles From New York Tobacco Shop

A slender thief with an expensive taste in smokers' equipment made his way through two transoms and into the retail tobacco shop of Alfred Dunhill, of London, Inc., 514 Fifth Avenue, New York, where he looted thirty show-cases and carried off jewelry, cigar lighters, clocks and pipes valued at nearly \$25,000. There were two noteworthy things about the intruder, he was small and agile enough to pass through a pair of apertures no more than two inches high. He was discerning enough to ignore articles of silver. Nearly all the cigarette and vanity cases he selected were gold, and he took pipes only from the Grade A rack, where prices range from \$50 to \$65.

Conference Helped Trade

Ottawa Imperial Conference trade agreements have resulted in an increase of more than \$10,000,000 in Canada's exports to the United Kingdom during 1932, according to Hon. H. H. Stevens, Dominion Minister of Trade and Commerce. This had occurred, he added, while trade all over the world showed very marked declines.

Thirty miners are prospecting for coal under the Pirith of Fort, Scotland.

Westcliff, England, will build a \$2,000,000 amusement pier.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 9

CALEB

Golden Text: "Blessed is the man that maketh Jehovah his trust."—Psalm 40:4.

Lessons: Numbers 13; Joshua 14. Devotional Reading: Psalm 121.

Explanations and Comments

The Division Of Canaan, verses 1-5. The land of Canaan was divided among the twelve tribes whose founders were the two sons of Joseph (Ephraim and Manasseh) and the other sons of Jacob. Levi excepted. The tribe of Levi was set apart for the services of the priesthood. "This is Judah," this is Simeon's; and this is Benjamin's," they said, even while the Amorites, the Jebusites, and the Hittites were in open possession. The division made was the announcement in faith of certain high ideals which were supported by the rest of the tribe of Judah. Caleb is called here the Kenizite, a name given to him by the tribe in 15:10; but Caleb's younger brother, Othniel, who after Joshua became the first of the Judges, is called "the son of Kenaz," and it may have been from this name of Kenaz, a member of the tribe of Judah, that the word Kenizite was derived. Caleb reminded Joshua of the promise made him when he returned to Kadesh-Barnea, with the other spies, when he had had the courage of his convictions, and had brought back a sincere report urging the immediate conquest of Canaan. To the record of courageous faithfulness he could now add that he had wholly followed Jehovah his God.

You wish to have pleasant memories of the past; are you sowing pleasant memories now? Just as surely as health in old age depends in part on the reserve strength laid by in youth, and wisdom in old age depends on the knowledge and experience stored up in the past, so does peace of mind in old age depend on records engrained on the memory during youth and manhood. Paul looked back over his life and said: "I have finished my course; I have kept the faith." And then he looked forward and said, "Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness."

Not Looking For Charity

Man Appeared Poor But Had Fortune In Bills

An old man munching half a loaf, his clothes in tatters, excited kindly interest of civil guards at Dundalk, Ireland, and they took him to their barracks to treat him to a square meal.

To the astonishment of all he extracted from his pocket \$50,000 in bills.

The old man, who refused to give his name, explained he had been his own banker throughout the bank troubles in the United States and had returned to Ireland, with his hoard after 46 years in the United States.

There are to be 60,000 hot-dog stands at the Chicago Exposition this summer. A century of progress!

Consumption of electric power in Italy continues to increase.

SPANISH PRINCE AND CUBAN WIFE



Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias, eldest son of the ex-king of Spain, pictured with his consumer wife, Spanish Edelmira Sampedro (left), of Cuba, and her sister, Maria, outside the Prince's hotel in Lausanne, Switzerland. He renounced his royal rights to wed her.

Coal Subsidy

One-Seventh Of A Cent A Mile On Coal Shipped From Saskatchewan Lignite Fields

Subsidy of one-seventh of a cent a mile on coal shipped from Saskatchewan lignite fields to points in Manitoba and as far east as Sioux Lookout, has been made effective by federal order-in-council.

Word of the passage of the order-in-council providing for a subsidy of one-seventh of a cent a mile, but not to exceed in any case a total of 40 cents a ton was received recently by officials of the Saskatchewan department of railways, labor and industries.

The freight concession will apply only on lignite coal shipped out of Saskatchewan to Manitoba and western Ontario points for industrial purposes only, and will not apply to anything under carload lots. The concession will be accorded only to mines established before December, 1931.

The rate concession will place Saskatchewan mines in a favored position in competition with coal from American burning fields for distribution in Manitoba.

The order-in-council provides for the freight concession being actually paid to the railways by the government, the adjustment to be made direct to the mine operators.

Ban On Socialists

Germany's Social Democratic Party Has Ceased To Exist

Germany's Social Democratic party, once the leader of Socialists the world over and the winner of the 1918 election, ceased to exist as a legal political organization. Chancellor Hitler's heavy hand, which first fell upon the Communists, has now descended, upon the party which long was the leading one and was regarded as an impregnable bulwark of the post-war republic.

All speeches in recent days by Nazi leaders indicate the Hitler movement intends to claim 100 per cent. power in Germany.

A serious blow was dealt to department and chain stores in an order issued by Chancellor Hitler's commissar for business, Otto Wagner.

Department and chain stores were forbidden to maintain barber and beauty shops, photographic studios, bakeries, sausage factories, customs tailors, dress-makers, watch repair and optical shops, automobile and bicycle repair shops, circulating libraries, banking and money exchange offices and furniture factories.

Secret police suspended for one week the National Deutsche Zeitung, one of whose editors is a nephew of Dr. Hugenberg.

Mechanism Of The Ear

Little Is Known As To How Ear Sound Is Conveyed To The Brain

The mechanism of the human ear has been known during long ages, but the manner in which it conveys definite information to the brain is another matter. The world is still far from a final pronouncement, however learnedly one may speak of sound-waves striking upon the drum of the ear and establishing a vibration which is communicated to the brain by a row of white threads attached to a series of wonderfully articulated bones. That the threads, like the aerials which catch the flutterings of the ether bearing sounds across the oceans, and give them their exactness as they were born thousands of miles away, to the last squeak of the clarinet or chirp of the "piccolo; translate to human brains the meaning conveyed by the air vibrations which lay against the tympanum of the ear. A writer says: "We call greatly help. A writer says: 'We call the threads nerves, but how the tympanum adapts itself by contraction and relaxation to the different pitch of sound without our will intervening we have no idea. We know only that it does.'"

Looks Like Prosperity

What is this? Prosperity turning the corner? A new Broadway cafeteria in New York announces that the floors in its windows will be paved with silver dollars. Light-fingered gentry need not come around. The coins will be cemented hard and fast.

RAPID RISE IN PRICE OF WHEAT SAVES SITUATION

London, Eng.—A combination of blunt words and what Prime Minister R. B. Bennett of Canada, called "an act of God"—a boom in the wheat market—saved the efforts to obtain an international agreement for wheat acreage restriction from a breakdown.

The wheat situation seemed to be taking care of itself nicely for the time being and it was agreed the conference of the four biggest wheat exporters—Canada, United States, Australia and Argentina—could well afford to wait for a brief pause until the Australian situation is cleared up.

The blunt words were spoken early in the day, which teemed with dramatic developments, after Stanley Bruce of Australia had told the other delegates the three principal Australian states were firmly opposed to restriction and this made Australian adherence appear hopeless.

Other delegates countered with words to the effect Australia must fall into line sooner or later, and the sooner the better. The nearly 500,000,000 bushel surplus of Canada and United States was mentioned. It was intimated it has got to be disposed of somehow and if no agreement was reached there might be no other alternative than to put it on the market for what it will bring. The actual word "dump" was used by one of the Americans and it was said to have created a deep impression.

What Prime Minister Bennett called "an act of God, providence or else Roosevelt," made its force felt when Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, chairman of the world economic conference took a hand. Perturbed over the near breakdown, he called Premier Bennett, Henry Morgenthau, of the U.S., Mr. Bruce and Thomas A. Le Breton, of the Argentine, into conference.

In Canadian circles indeed the view is taken there is no call for undue anxiety. While the abnormal carryover remains one of the great problems for action, crop reports coupled with the extraordinary rise in wheat prices, have introduced new factors which should be borne in mind.

When he received information concerning the rise in the price of wheat on world markets, presumably because of adverse crop reports, Mr. MacDonald professed satisfaction with the progress of the negotiations.

"Experience has shown that a year's crop cannot be estimated accurately until July 7 to July 15," one of those who attended the MacDonald meeting said. "Then it may not be so necessary to take such drastic steps as originally contemplated, and it is hardly likely that a move will be made in that direction until about that time."

Threat of chaos and price debacles which will follow if the Canadian and United States wheat surplus of 500,000,000 bushels is "dumped" on the world market acted to save from breakdown the wheat acreage restrictions negotiations of the four principal wheat producing nations.

Relief From Drouth

Rains Over Wide Areas Greatly Relieve Situation

Ottawa, Ont.—At least temporary relief from drouth was provided over wide areas in the prairie provinces by rains during the past week. This was rendered more effective by moderate temperatures, according to the weekly telegraphic crop report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The serious dangers from grasshoppers is emphasized.

"Drouth has had a damaging effect on crop growth across the southern part of Canada from eastern Quebec to the Rockies. Heavy rainfall has greatly improved conditions in the Maritime provinces. Drouth prevails throughout Quebec, with growth of all crops retarded. Rain is urgently needed. Similar conditions prevail in Ontario, where the dry weather has adversely affected nearly all crops."

Grain producers in the prairie provinces are encountering many trials, particularly drouth, heat, hail, insects and disease. Grasshoppers are becoming migratory and seriously threaten the crops over large southern areas of the three provinces.

Root-rot has accentuated the damage from drouth in Saskatchewan. During the past week, there were good rains in northern and central districts of the prairies which either maintained or improved prospects, but further general precipitation is necessary.

British Columbia reports are more optimistic as a result of the clear, warm weather of the past fortnight.

Renewed Confidence

Advances In Commodity Prices Augury Of Better Times

Calgary, Alberta.—Recent advances in commodity prices were laud by Premier J. E. Brownlee of Alberta to the renewed confidence of salaried men and women in the security of their jobs.

In Calgary attending the annual convention of the Union of Alberta Municipalities, the premier took time to express confidence in the early return of better economic conditions which he said was already evident.

"Thousands of our Canadian people are on salaries. When they lose confidence they do not spend freely. When they are confident, they do spend. I think the reserves which have been held back in recent years by the salaried people are now beginning to open and that this influence will be felt throughout the Dominion for the better," he said.

Explaining a reference to a construction program, Mr. Brownlee said the government was now conducting a survey of useful public works which might be done in the province.

"The whole question of work which the government is now considering will be to increase accommodation in various provincial institutions," he said. "We can find the money, such work may just provide the impetus needed to open up business again in the west."

Will Protect Farmers From Crop Seizures

Saskatchewan Debt Adjustment Commission Complexes Plans

Regina, Sask.—Plans for the protection of farmers against undue pressure from creditors have been completed by the Saskatchewan Debt Adjustment commission.

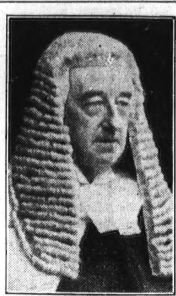
After farmers who adopt the plan laid down by the board have filed in the necessary form provided the board will arrange:

- (1) That no seizure of the crop will be made by sheriffs to pay off judgments, etc.
 - (2) That creditors will not be allowed to seize.
 - (3) That farm implements will not be seized.
 - (4) That title to land will not pass to the tax sale purchaser.
- An outline of this plan is being forwarded to farmers in Saskatchewan by the debt adjustment board in the form of a circular letter.

Fatally Injured

Rosser, Man.—Theodore Kifflinger, 26-year-old farmhand, was fatally injured when attacked by an infuriated bull on his employer's farm near here.

SUCCEEDS McCARDIE



Mr. Justice Atkinson, the new Judge of the King's Bench Division, who succeeds the late Mr. Justice McCordie, England's famous bachelor judge, who committed suicide recently.

Resigns From Cabinet

Hon. R. W. Bruhn Steps Out Of B.C. Government

Victoria, B.C.—Hon. R. W. Bruhn, Minister of Public Works, stepped out of the British Columbia Government, the fifth minister to resign from Premier S. P. Tolmie's cabinet since May 31. Three ministers, N. S. Loughheed, W. C. Shelly and William Atkinson, retired in connection with the cabinet reduction on that date, while W. A. McKenzie left in protest against the government's irrigation policy.

In a letter to the premier, Mr. Bruhn recounted his stand in favor of union government more than a year ago, his gratification when Dr. Tolmie announced his intention of forming such an administration, but his present belief that "no real union has been formed, nor do I see any prospect of your being able to form one." He sent expressions of "highest personal esteem."

The life of the legislature ends on August 31. No election date has been set. Some 65 candidates have been nominated under the various banners of Tolmie Unionist, Bower Non-Partisan, Liberal, Canadian Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation and various other parties. Many others have declared their intention to run and the electors are promised long ballots with a wide range of political opinion from which to choose on election day.

Canada's War Memorial

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's national war memorial is being altered in accordance with suggestions of the Prime Minister. The memorial stood in Hyde Park, London, England, about a year but has been taken to the March Broom's studio for changing. When completed the memorial will be brought to Ottawa, although a site has yet to be definitely selected.

Gold Standard Debate

Rise In Commodity Prices Is More Encouraging Factor

London, Eng.—While the forces are gathering behind the scenes of the world economic conference for a renewed struggle over the gold standard, a new spirit is entering world trade.

Continued rise in commodity prices gives impetus to the belief the tide has turned at last. Dollar wheat at Chicago with reports of small crops, both in Canada and United States, eased the situation which a setback in negotiations to limit production had made increasingly difficult.

For some days increasing pressure has been brought to bear on the United Kingdom's delegation to link sterling with the gold countries and stabilize without the American dollar, which the United States flatly refuses to stabilize at this time for fear of the effects on their internal price-raising program.

The British have stoutly resisted this proposal on the double ground that it would be unwise to do so until the U.S. was ready to stabilize, and until they know what is going to happen to the un-pegged American dollar.

Recently it was made known in high quarters that the British had absolutely refused to commit themselves to the new European gold bloc scheme. It was described in responsible British quarters as an effort to split Great Britain and the United States so they would be unable to deal independently of the gold countries on stabilization.

Great Britain therefore is sitting tight, keeping her hands free so she can deal directly with the United States on stabilization.

Alberta Grasshopper Menace

Province Said To Be Facing A Serious Situation

Edmonton, Alberta.—As the result of a very serious situation which has arisen in the southern areas of this province in the past two weeks, owing to the very hot, dry spell of weather, the provincial department of agriculture is facing the most severe grasshopper fight in the history of the province. Hon. George Howley, Minister of Agriculture, said recently.

"The hopper situation is much more serious than that which developed in 1922 which held the previous records in such campaigns."

With plenty of poison bait materials on hand, the organization in charge of the campaign has the situation well in hand, in spite of the large area affected, and thus far the actual damage by the hoppers is comparatively small.

U.S. Wheat Tax

Washington.—Administrators of the United States Farm Act plan to levy a 30-cent a bushel processing tax on wheat, despite the recent sharp rise in grain prices. The administrators hope to place the levy into effect early next month, probably July 8.

GENERAL STRIKE THREATENED BY RAILWAY MEN

Ottawa, Ont.—A general strike of Canadian railway running trades loomed as a possibility following a deadlock reached by railway and union officials over the proposed 20 per cent wage reduction.

A meeting here with Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, as chairman, at which the proposed wage reduction was discussed by company officials and representatives of the men, ended in a deadlock. Union officers then took under advisement asking their 24,000 members whether to call a general strike.

Five groups of railway workers were involved in the dispute—engineers, firemen, conductors, telegraphers and telegraphers. In the background lay the possibility of a strike by all organized railwaymen in Canada. On June 15, the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific railways served notice on all employees other than the five groups mentioned, they too must accept a 20 per cent. reduction in basic rates. It was believed likely that any strike engineered by the five main groups would be joined by the others, including shompen and trackmen.

The running trades were asked by the railway managements to accept a 20 per cent. reduction from basic rates. The men already have told the railways they will agree to continue the 10 per cent cut which has been in operation some months.

One of the arguments used by the men was that a 20 per cent. reduction would mean Canadian railwaymen would be working at rates 17½ per cent. lower than those prevailing in the United States.

Because of the different constitutions of the five unions represented at the conference it was necessary to secure the authority to submit a strike-ballet in various ways. Immediate steps were taken at the break-up of the conference to secure this authority and the delegates said there would be no difficulty.

The engineers were represented at the conference by R. H. Cobb, Toronto; the firemen by H. H. Lynch, Ottawa; the trainmen by Senator James Murdoch, Ottawa; conductors by Charles Monteth, Montreal, and telegraphers by W. H. Phillips, Winnipeg. In addition, 22 general chairmen from the Atlantic to the Pacific were present.

The Canadian Pacific was represented by Grant Hall, vice-president, and George Hall, manager of the department of personnel. Representing the Canadian National were President S. J. Hungerford and Vice-President A. J. Hills.

Army Of Workers

Ten Thousand Men Now Employed In Government Camps

Ottawa, Ont.—The number of single men now employed in government camps throughout Canada has reached 10,000, according to figures of the Department of Labor. These include those working under the direction of the Department of National Defence. The number is steadily increasing as the various projects develop. The work of the national defence includes improvements of various militia camps, highway construction and landing fields for aeroplanes.

On Rotary Directorate

Rosston, Ont.—J. Allen, mayor of Ottawa, was nominated by the Canadian-Newfoundland delegation to Rotary International as a candidate to fill one of the five vacancies on the Rotary directorate. The annual report of Chesley R. Perry, secretary, showed a membership of slightly more than 147,000 distributed among 5,620 clubs.

Term Of Office Extended

London, Eng.—Announcement is made that Sir William Clark's term of office as high commissioner in Canada for the United Kingdom had been extended until September, 1934. Sir William was appointed to the post in 1928.

PUTTING THEIR HEADS TOGETHER



The camera caught Premier Ramsay MacDonald (left) and Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State (right) in this unusual tete-a-tete pose during a dinner for the delegates at Grosvenor House recently. Apparently the statesmen are exchanging views "off the record." Premier MacDonald is Chairman of the World Economic Conference and Mr. Hull is the chief delegate from the United States.

Victim Of Heart Disease
Toronto, Ont.—Major General W. B. Lindsay, who commanded the Royal Canadian Engineers at the battle of Vimy Ridge in the Great War, was found dead at the Toronto Hunt Club, apparently a victim of heart disease.

On Welcome Committee
Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion Government will be represented at the informal welcome to President Franklin D. Roosevelt, at Campo-Bello Island, N.B., by Hon. Murray MacLaren, Minister of Pensions and National Health.

Decides Not To Resign
Winnipeg, Man.—Hon. Albert Prefontaine, former minister of agriculture in the Manitoba Government and at present minister without portfolio, has decided not to resign his seat in the legislature or his position in the government.

On the average wheat contains 65 per cent. starch.

Stony Plain Sun.

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain.

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Display, 40 cents per column inch; plate, 25c per column inch. Readers in Local, 15c line. Legal and Municipal Notices, etc., 15c line first insertion; 10c line each subsequent insertion.

Outbreak of Undulant Fever in Saskatchewan.

Blood tests made recently revealed that 50 out of 74 cows in the Simpson district, Sask., were afflicted with contagious abortion, thus seriously threatening the health of citizens of those parts who get milk supplies from any of these sources.

The situation was brought to light and speedy action necessitated when it was learned that two humans were victims of the disease. This disease is quite common around the Mediterranean but has not been extending to human beings in this country, according to The Watrous Signal. The patients were taken to Saskatoon hospital, blood-test made found positive, and were treated for the disease. Both Simpson town and rural council took immediate action and cattle men in that district rendered every assistance in isolating the animals infected. Provincial Health Insp. Symons and Dr. Eason immediately took blood tests and set machinery in motion to rectify the condition.

The situation, with the possibilities of the district's dairy herds being similarly infected, was brought very forcibly to the attention of Watrous town council, and M.O.H. Hixon strongly recommended immediate action to prevent a spread of the disease, particularly as it might threaten the citizens in general.

In connection with the above, the following has been published in The Watrous (Saskatchewan) Signal, as from the pen of Prof. J. S. Fulton, of the Department of Veterinary Science, University of Saskatchewan: "To fully appreciate the seriousness of the far-reaching ill effects which may result from the disease generally spoken of as contagious abortion, we must view the matter from a totally different light from what we did but a few years ago. As a result of research, we find that the abortion germ does not confine itself to cattle, but readily affects other farm animals, particularly swine. Of recent years it has been shown that man is quite susceptible to infection with the abortion germ, and when such infection does take place a severe illness results.

"The most noticeable symptom of abortion disease in cattle is of course the expulsion of the fetus before it has sufficiently developed to live and this usually happens between the 3d and 7th month of pregnancy. In the usual course of events the animal again conceives, probably to abort once more; this time the calf being carried almost the full gestation period. Seldom does a 3d abortion take place, the infected animal having by that established an immunity and although still infected and capable of transmitting the disease to susceptible animals, appears normal. These immune carriers are the most common cause of the spread of contagious abortion, since such animals, presenting no signs of the disease, are moved freely from one herd to another and although abortions are taking place around them, they are never suspected as the foci of infection."

DANGER

STEEP HILL



Will Your Tires Hold?

Is your heart in your mouth every time you round a curve? Be wise! Equip your car with Goodyear All-Weather tires. They grip the road because they have traction in the centre, where it belongs! Prices are surprisingly low. We have your size.



12 months guarantee against defects and road hazards

GOOD YEAR

Sommerfield & Mayer,
STONY PLAIN

PHONE 40.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL.B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Successor to the late F. W. Lundy.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Cor. 95 St. & 118 Ave., Edmonton
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

Lost—Strayed from my pasture
1 Steer, ears froze, tail froze:
several noticeable brands; reward.
H. Giebelhaus, Stony Plain. 67

Pasture—Can accommodate up to 100 head; good fences, good watering facilities; terms reasonable. Hy Giebelhaus, Stony Plain

Wanted, Legs of Pork. Royal Cafe.

Wanted—Small classified ads bring big results: try one.

Notices!

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 22 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that the following Pounds and Poundkeepers have been established in the Municipal District of Inga No. 520: S.E. 16-52-2-5, A. J. Matthews, Carvel P.O. N.E. 3-52-3-5, Scott Bell, Duf-Beld P.O. S.E. 28-51-2-5, Donald McDonald, Brightbank P.O. N.W. 26-52-1-5, Ph. Litzenberg, or, Stony Plain P.O. Dated at Duffield this 1st day of June, 1933.

JOSEPH BEST,
Secretary-Treasurer M. D. of Inga No. 520.

Strawberry Plants, Raspberry Canes.

Strawberry Plants \$1.50 per 100.
Raspberry Canes \$1.50 per 100.
GILBERT STEBBINGS,
Carvel, Alberta.

Baseball Prattle—By H.C.O.

Go ahead, I know your thoughts! I said we'd beat Morinville! Well, as far as errors are concerned, we did. We won, but they had 10! It really was a pity to see such a farce; especially after the brilliant ball they showed at the Frenchman's town. Oh, well, the best we can do is to try and do better next time!

Any ball player, or anybody else, for that matter, who thinks it's time to give up or quit, ought to read "Courage" by John F. Ullock, appearing in the July issue of the Canadian. There's a story which ought to inspire anyone on to the end, and help them to realise what courage really is.

For some unknown reason, the game in town scheduled for last Friday, was called off. As no more games will be played at Diamond Park, a slight rearrangement of schedule may be necessary. Possibly no home game dates will be changed.

The next Big Five game in Stony, after this week, is Wed. July 12, when the Red Sox (the only team which we have beaten so far) will take on the locals. This ought to be a fairly good game—barring accidents and errors.

The NWAB League has disappeared. The management of the WL team however, expects to have the games played except those with St. Albans. Last Friday the throw were all ready to leave, but rain changed their mind and washed out all hope for a victory. Heres hoping "it ain't gonna rain no more" as the boys seem really anxious to play these games. WL's first home game will be announced later.

P. S.—What with Ed Dannbauer back, the local club ought to have some punch, even if does smell of lemon!

Standing Big Five Ball League.

	P	W	L	P.C.
Morinville	8	6	2	.750
\$ Cleaners	7	4	3	.572
A.N. Cubs	7	4	3	.572
Red Sox	9	5	4	.556
Stony Plain	7	0	7	.000

Next home game July 12

Edmonton Exhibition tickets can be had at Royal Cafe, 5 for \$1.

Central Baseball Schedule.

6, Cent'l v Rosenthal at Rosenthal
16, Brightbank v Rosenthal, at Rosenthal

GAMES PLAYED.

May 21, Rosenthal 23, Central 5
May 28, Central 6; Brightbank 11
June 4, Brightbank 11, Rosenthal 10
June 18, Brightbank 13, Central 8
23, Rosenthal 23, Brightbank 5
July 2, Brightbank v Central at Inga [No game]

Edmonton Exhibition tickets, 5 for \$1, now on sale at The Royal Cafe, Stony Plain.

EXPERT FILM

Finishing at Lowest Prices, We Develop and Print Any Size Roll 6 or 8 Exposures, for 35c.
CHRISTIE'S STUDIO,
Stony Plain, Alta.

New Method Laundry and Dry Cleaners.
Leave Orders at Christie's Cafe

Carl Peterson

BUYING HOGS, CATTLE AND LIVE POULTRY EVERY DAY.
I-HAUL YOUR CATTLE AND PRODUCE TO MARKET BY TRUCK.
PHONE 13.

VACATION TIME

go for a week, a month or more, but go!
DELIGHTFUL RESORTS
FROM COAST TO COAST

offer ample scope for your favored recreations

EAST



Travel in comfort on the famous transcontinental train. "Continental Limited"

MINNIE MUSKOKA LAKES, 1000 ISLANDS—These are only a few of the resorts in Ontario which is a veritable land of Horatio's Dunes. In this province there is a resort to suit every taste and purse.

IN ANCIENT QUEBEC—The Vacation Land of Romance, where old-world customs and landmarks still abound. Many lovely resorts on the Lower St. Lawrence, in the heart of French-Canada.

THE PROVINCES BY THE SEA—Seaside resorts and woodland playgrounds abound in the Maritime Provinces. Fishing, sailing, forest rambling make each day a joy.

WEST

CANADIAN ROCKIES—Visit the playground of Canada's wonderful West—a land of mystery and romance, rugged mountains range. Stop over at Jasper National Park—enjoy its super hotel service—tennis—golf—hiking and mountain climbing. Jasper Park Lodge opens May 1st to September 30th.

TRIANGLE TOUR—Waived from Jasper, see the scenic beauty of the Triangle Tour—along the mystic Skeena to Prince Rupert—by boat through the Skeena Sea of the North Pacific to Vancouver—back through the awe-inspiring mountain scenery of the Fraser and Thompson Rivers.

Take a boat trip to Alaska—to the famous Klondike Trail of '90—a succession of thrills and a constant panorama of magnificent scenery.

Low FARES

CHOICE OF ROUTES

For full information ask any Agent of the Canadian National Railway

Travel CANADIAN NATIONAL
The Largest Railway System in America

Don't Buy an Auto!

until you have looked over our reconditioned used cars. All at real bargain prices. Come in and look them over, for your satisfaction. Several makes to choose from.
1929 Fargo Truck, good tires, fully overhauled. **\$350**
1929 Chevrolet Sedan, Good as new, **\$375**
1929 Chevrolet Coach, reconditioned **\$300**
1928 Chevrolet Sedan; completely overhauled; in splendid shape **\$290**
1929 FORD TRUCK, In splendid condition, **\$300**

Sommerfield & Mayer, STONY PLAIN.

The WORLD'S GRAIN EXHIBITION and CONFERENCE

Regina

July 24 to August 5, 1933

Chairman National Committee
HON. ROBERT WHITE
Minister of Agriculture for Canada
Chairman Executive and Finance Committee
HON. W. O. BUCKLE
Minister of Agriculture for Saskatchewan

Stony's Co-op. Store.

Mr Magnus-Larson, Stony's youngest storekeeper, was a pleased chap when his first large consignment of goods, a carload of Apple Blossom flour, was stowed away in the Co-op. Store on 2d avenue. Other lines of goods which the farmer needs have also been added, and patrons will find their requirements promptly supplied, as good service is assured at the town's newest goods emporium.

Edmonton Beach.

Another record for attendance was broken on the holiday at this popular beach, when the grounds were practically filled with cars from the City and other points.

The basketball game between Blueberry Boys and Comet resulted in a win for the latter.

Members of the Walther League have opened up the Jac Miller house this week.

The postoffice at Edmonton Beach opened on Monday.

Barrie's tea room is now in operation, and the patrons are more than pleased with the service given.

Martin's orchestra finished up the holiday program Saturday by giving one of their popular dances, which drew a big crowd.

Holborn Happenings.

The item among Holborn news in a recent issue, stating "W Mills was retiring from the teaching profession" was slightly exaggerated, as the gentleman aforesaid, altho he has retired from the position of teacher at Holborn school, has not retired from the teaching business.

Funeral of Mrs. Philip Miller.

The funeral took place last Sunday, July 2nd, of Suzanne, beloved wife of Mr Philip Miller, who had died Tuesday June 28, at her home in Stony Plain. Deceased was in her 62d year. She had been an old-time resident of the district, having lived here almost continuously since settling here in the year 1891. She was married in 1891 to Mr Philip Miller.

She leaves to mourn her loss her husband; 4 daughters, Mrs W Stewart, Grand Falls, N.D.; Mrs Grant, Bowmanville, Ont.; Mrs T Dodge of Seattle, Wn.; Miss S Miller, Edmonton; and 4 sons, Philip P. Joseph D., Emil H and John C.; 2 brothers, Jacob and Philip Schram of Spruce Grove; 2 sisters, Mrs Ludwig Ulmer, Mrs Val Kulak Jr.

A service was conducted at the family residence. An open-air service was held in front of St Matthew school in Stony when Rev Mr Kleuer, of Medicine Hat, conducted a service in English. Following this, the funeral cortege proceeded to the St Matthew church (Missouri Synod), at which place a Lutheran service in German was conducted by the Rev Emil Eberhardt, the pastor. Interment was made in the St Matthew's churchyard.

The pallbearers were the 4 sons, Philip, Joe, Emil, John; the brothers, Henry Miller, and John Armbruste had charge of the funeral arrangements.

Stony Plain and District

Mr and Mrs A Anderson motored to Wetskiwin on the holiday, Miss E Anderson accompanied them, and will remain in the City for a short time.

Mr and Mrs Michael and family spent the holiday and weekend in their new cottage at Seba.

Miss Queenie Donaldson, who has been teaching up at Kinuso, arrived home this week.

Miss Dorothy Dodge, Edmonton, is a guest, this week, at the Becker home.

Mrs M Bruer of Macklin, Sask., was a week-end visitor with Mrs Comisarow.

Mrs Fred Schulte left on Friday for a visit to friends at Portland, Ore., going down by Greyhound bus line from Edmonton.

Among the former residents who paid Stony a visit on the holiday were: Messrs W E Geilhouse, Jac McGillis, C G Singer, Upson Downs, J L McCaig, Wan Lung, Gus Mintz.

Mr Harvey Umbach arrived up from Edgerton on Friday.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Tracing the Stolen Car.

In connection with the attempted robberies in Stony the night of June 28, a trace has been obtained of the Ford coupe taken from a local garage. The day following the car theft, a man is said to have made an application up at Edison for a license for a Ford coupe. The application is said to have been made in the name of J Reiser. There are no new developments in connection with the disappearance of the coupe.

Church Services.

There will be no services on Sunday next at either St Matthew church (Manitoba Synod), Spruce Grove, or at Immanuel church, Rosenthal.

German Lutheran services will be held in Stony Plain next Sunday at 10:30 a.m.

Services in St. Philip's Church next Sunday, 11:00 a.m.

United Church service every Sunday Evng. at 8.

On Sunday July 16 there will be Lutheran services at St Matthew Schoolhouse at 7:30 p.m., by Rev. H. Kuring.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	0.59
No. 2 Northern	0.56
No. 3 Northern	0.53
No. 4 Northern	0.50
BATS.	
2 C. W.	24
3 C. W.	21
Extra 1 Feed	21
No. 1 Feed	20
No. 2 Feed	19
BARKLEY.	
No. 3	30
No. 4	27
Feed	25

ANOTHER CONSIGNMENT OF
BRIAR PIPES
JUST RECEIVED
AT THE
ROYAL CAFE,
TO BE SOLD AT
25 CENTS.

SPRUCE GROVE NEWS.

Mr and Mrs Fred D Goebel are at present enjoying a short holiday at Banff.

Mrs Connolly and the Misses E and E Ethier motored to Sylvan Lake last week, to spend a short vacation.

Mrs Wm McLeod returned from Magnolia last Sunday, July 2d, where she had been visiting with her mother, Mrs Fleisher.

Miss D Bates, accompanied by Miss O Burch, Mannville, are leaving next Saturday, July 8, to spend a short holiday with Miss Bates' sister, Mrs C A MacDonald, at Virginia, Minn.

Miss Audrey Schwindt returned to her home from Spruce Grove last Monday.

Rev G Postzsch, pastor of St Matthew Lutheran church, Spruce Grove, is in attendance, this week, at Wetskiwin, of the Conference of the Lutheran Church (Manitoba Synod).

Rev J L Stacey, of Mearns, has, since Sunday, the 2nd, been conducting a Mission at St Joseph's R.C. Church, with Masses at 6:30 and 8 a.m.; and evening devotions at 8 o'clock.

There will be no service on Sunday next, July 9th, at St Matthew's church (Manitoba Synod) Spruce Grove.

On Saturday next, July 8, the ladies of St Joseph's parish will hold a strawberry social and lunch at Henry Ulmer's Store. The hour is from 5-9; price 25c.

Two teams of local horse-shoe pitchers were entered in the competitions at the Old-timers' games last week. One of these teams, Messrs Rogers and D. Brox, won a first and a 2d prize.

DRESSMAKER.

J. BITTNER.

NOW ON THE SOUTH ROAD,

Between Peters' and Kuley's.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400a Tegner Bldg.
The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in
Frames. Glass Eyes.
— MODERATE CHARGES. —

BODY BY FISHER



SMART NEW LINES
distinguish the new
OLDSMOBILE

6 and 8 featuring

LONGER WHEELBASE
ROOMIER INTERIORS
SOUND-PROOFED BODIES
RIDE REGULATOR

PRODUCED IN CANADA

Sommerfield & Mayer,
STONY PLAIN.

DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.
SPEND YOUR MONEY
FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.

On the Side.

Good progress is being made by Coach Hy Trapp in getting our basketball teams ready for the competitions at the Edmonton Ex. The Senior girls are coming along good, as also is the Senior Boys team. Some difficulty is being experienced in getting a suitable representation for the Junior Boys; and this team may possibly be dropped.

The one bright spot is centered on the Jr. Girls, and this outfit, headed by these two nifty young players the Misses E Zucht and M Pailer, should bring home some handsome trophy of their prowess.

Following are excerpts from letters received at The Sun Office—

"Just a line to ask why the B. B. Union don't pass a Regulation, forbidding a ball team to count any more than 20 runs in a game."

Here's another which arrived a short time ago. At first we thought it was from the Dook of Argyle, as among the English there appeared to be a lot of Gaelic (not Gaelic), so we sent it to the translators, and this is how we got part of it back:

"Dear Sir—I write to tell ye hoo I appreciate the paper ye get out, and the Baseball Apologia which appears therein weekly. I canna help but think as hoo the morale of the baseball team could be improved. As maybe ye ken, the Grads. swept everything afore 'em before they met the Presbyterians last Sunday. Oka, an' when the bonny Scotch lassies got thru wi' the Grads the latter didna ha' muckle glory left. Judging by the R.O.P. o' our ball players it wadna do ony' harm to hae a wee bit o' the Hielan' blood amang 'em; an' so, if agreeable to the powers-that-be, I'd be in favor of trading the Flyketcher for twa Presbyterians. We no could lose muckle by the deal."

Big Five Schedule.

Wed. July 5, Cubs at Stony
Wed. 14, Red Sox at Stony
Wed. 19, Morinville v Stony
— Games Played —
May 28—Stony 5, Cubs 13
May 31—Stony 10, Cleaners 11
June 7—Cleaners v Stony; Stony defaulted
June 11, A & N 8, Stony 4
Wed. June 14, Red Sox v Stony—game ordered re played
June 18, Morinville 7, Stony 0
June 21, S.P. 6, Red Sox 24 (6 innings)
Sun. 25, Cleaners 12, Stony 8
Wed. 28, Morinville 16 Stony 1

Schedule of Mails.

From the East—Sat. Tues. and Thurs 10:37 p.m.
From the West—Mon., Thurs. & Sat., at 4:51 a.m.
Mail to West—Sat., Tues. and Thurs. at 10:37 p.m.
Mail to East—Mon. Thurs, Sat. at 4:51 a.m.
Mail should be posted before 10 p.m. for despatch both East and West.
Reg. dispatched and received with every mail.

Peck's CAPS

—are made for those men and young men who appreciate the little touch of refinement in head dress.
The most comfortable and most serviceable caps made for golf, motoring and all outing occasions, as well as street wear.

T. J. Hardwick, Agent.